DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO TEST BOOKLET

SI. No: 0928

Subject Code: 25

Subject: ZOOLOGY

WRITTEN TEST FOR RECRUITMENT OF POST GRADUATE TEACHERS FOR NON-GOVT. AIDED HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOLS OF ODISHA

Time Allowed : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 150

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET CONTAINS 20 PAGES AND DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- You have to enter your Roll No. on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
- 3. The Test Booklet contains 100 questions. Each question comprises four options. You have to select the correct answer which you want to mark (darken) on the OMR Answer Sheet. In any case, choose ONLY ONE answer for each question. If more than one answer is darkened, it will be considered wrong.
- 4. You have to mark (darken) all your answers only on the **OMR Answer Sheet using BLACK BALL POINT PEN** provided by the State Selection Board. You have to do rough work only in the space provided at the end of the Test Booklet. See instructions in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 5. All questions carry equal marks. While 1.5 marks will be awarded for each correct answer, each wrong answer will result in negative marking of 0.50 mark.
- 6. Before you proceed to mark (darken) the answers in the OMR Answer Sheet to the questions in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the OMR Answer Sheet as per the instructions in your Admit Card.
- 7. On completion of the Examination, you should hand over the **original copy of OMR Answer Sheet** issued to you to the Invigilator before leaving the Examination Hall. You are allowed to take with you the candidate's copy (second copy) of the OMR Answer Sheet along with the Test Booklet for your reference.

Candidate's full signature

Invigilator's signature

	(A)	Sealily	(B)	Sea cucumber
	(C)	Seaurchin	(D)	Sea star
	Wha	t is the function of dactylozoid	d in the polymorpl	
	(A)	Nutrition	(B)	Reproduction
	(C)	Locomotion .	(D)	Offence and defence
	Whie	ch of the following coelom orig	inates from the spli	tting of mesoderm is present in annelids
	(A)	Schizocoelom	(B)	Enterocoelom
	(C)	Pseudocoelom	(D)	Protocoelom
e a	Inter	nal buds in sponges that are fo	ormed during ubfa	vourable conditions are known as:
	(A)	Buds	(B)	Gemmules
	(C)	Gastrulae	(D)	Reduction bodies
	Lim	ulus Amoebocyte Lysate (LAI	L) is used for the te	est of:
	· (A)	Toxic substances	(B)	Pyrogens
	(C)	Solid residues	(D)	Foreign partcles
ie	Whie	ch of the following organisms	uses the "Jet-Siph	on System" of locomotion?
	(A)	Unio	(B)	Aplysia
	(C)	Pinctada	(D)	Octopus
•	Whie	ch of the following are the exc	eretory organs of C	Crustacean (Prawn)?
	(A)	Nephridia	(B)	Green glands
	(C)	Coxal glands	(D)	Malpighian tubules
l IV Isl	Thro	ugh mosaic vision, a cockroad	ch can receive:	now of pourse there is not to some
	(A)	Several images of an object	with higher sensiti	vity but low resolution
	(B)	Several images of an object	with low sensitivit	y but higher resolution

2

	(C)) Only one image of an object	t with low sensitiv	vity but higher resolution	15
	(D)) Only one image of an object	t with low sensitiv	vity and low resolution	
9.	Wł	nich one of the following human	protozoan parasite	primarily affects the macrophages ?	
	(A)	Plasmodium Vivax	(B)	Leishmania donovani	
	(C)	Trypanosoma brucei	(D)	• Trichomonas vaginalis	
10.	Wh	at is the infective stage of schi	stosoma to man?	(D) Cylindrical Iail, broad uan	
	(A)	Hydatid cyst	(B)	Embryonated ova	
	(C)	Cercaria	(D)	Filari form larva	
11.	Wh	ich of the following characters	is not correct abo	out Dipnoi ?	
	(A)	Persistent unconstricted not	ochord		
	(B)	Diphycercal tail			
	(C)	Respiration by lungs in addit	ion to gill respirat	 (D) Presence of high concentration 	
	(D)	Cartilaginous skull with amp	histylic jaw suspe	nsion Pagaiwollol and a daid W	1.
12.	Sele	ect the correct group/set of Aust	ralian Marsupials	exhibiting adaptive radiation:	
	(A)	Numbat, Spotted cuscus, Fly		(A) $2[\frac{1}{2}, C_{1}, 2m - \frac{1}{2}, m]$	
	(B)	Mole, Flying squirrel, Tasma	nian tiger cat	Te e i et .	
	(C)	Lemur, Anteater, Wolf	1)	(C) $2\left[\frac{1+C}{2}C_{1}^{2}F_{2}m_{2}^{2}m_{2}^{2}m_{2}^{2}\right]$	
	(D)	Tasmanian wolf, Bobcat, Ma	rsupial male	8. Which of the following organism	
13.	The			er location within the marine water f	or
	(A)	Protamodromous	(B)	Anadromous (O)	
	(C)	Oceanodromous	(D)	Catadromous	1
14.	Which hemi	ch of the following larva is chordates and chordates ?	a common ance	stral form among the echinoderm	s,
	(A)	Tornaria	(B)	Dipleurula	
	(C)	Trochophore	(D)	Bipinnaria o conserve (C)	
Zoolo	gy (C	ode : 25)	3	0.T.9 ¹ (Code : 25)	

- 15. Which of the following describes the identification features of non-poisonous snakes?
 - (A) Cylindrical tail and small belly scales
 - (B) Cylindrical tail, broad transverse belly scales and 4th infralabial scale is the largest
 - (C) Flat tail, broad transverse belly scales and 3rd supralabial scale touches eye and nostril
 - (D) Cylindrical tail, broad transverse belly scales and a loreal pit between eye and nostril

16. Identify the correct statement on the aquatic adaptation of whale :

- (A) Presence of non-valvular nostril
- (B) Hindlimbs are modified into flippers
- (C) Non-elastic, large, lobules lungs
- (D) Presence of high concentration of myoglobin
- 17. Which of the following represents the correct dental formula of a five year human child?

(A) $2\left[i\frac{2}{2}C\frac{1}{1}Pm\frac{2}{2}m\frac{O}{O}\right]$	(B) $2\left[i\frac{2}{2}C\frac{1}{1}Pm\frac{O}{O}m\frac{2}{2}\right]$
(C) $2\left[i\frac{2}{2}C\frac{1}{1}Pm\frac{2}{2}m\frac{2}{2}\right]$	(D) $2\left[i\frac{2}{2}C\frac{1}{1}Pm\frac{1}{1}m\frac{1}{1}\right]$

4

Contd.

18. Which of the following organisms possesses 'Wheel organ'?

- (A) Branchiostoma (B) Herdmania
- (C) Balanoglossus (D) Doliolum
- 19. Which of the following is not a flight adaptation in birds?
 - (A) Bones are hollow and air filled
 - (B) Distensible lungs facilitating bi-directional air flow
 - (C) Forelimbs are modified into wings
 - (D) Formation of broad sternum

Zoology (Code: 25)

20. Metamorphosis of amphibians is triggered by environmental cues that act on the :

(A)	thyroid	(B)	pituitary

- (C) hypothalamus (D) eye
- 21. Which of the following is not a characteristic of population?
 - (A) Stratification (B) Natality
 - (C) Mortality (D) Sex ratio
- 22. Which of the followin statements is correct regarding the effect of the Keystone predator in a community?
 - (A) Competitively exclude other predators from the community
 - (B) Maintain species diversity by preying on the prey species that is the dominant competitor
 - (C) Increase the relative abundance of the most competitive prey species
 - (D) Encourage the coevolution of predator and prey adaptations.

23. Which of the following is not a greenhouse gas?

- (A) Nitrous oxide (B) Nitic oxide
- (C) Methane (D) Carbon dioxide
- 24. "Tropical wet evergreen-type forest of western ghats extends to over 600 sq.km and providing a habitat for tiger, leopard, lion-tailed macaque and several other species. This place is also the origin of three rivers-the Nethravathi, the Tunga and the Bhadra river". The above description refers to which of the national park ?
 - (A) Rajiv Gandhi National Park (Nagarhole)
 - (B) Bannerghatta National Park
 - (C) Bandipur National Park
 - (D) Kudermukh National Park

Zoology (Code: 25)

25. Which of the following standard probability density functions is applicable to discrete Random variables?

	(A)	Gaussian distribution	(B)	Poisson distribution
•	(C)	Rayleigh distribution	(D)	Exponential distribution
26.	When	n conducting an ANOVA, F _{DATA} will alw	ays fal	l within what range?
	(A)	Between negative infinity and infinity	(B)	Between zero and one
	(C)	Between zero and infinity	(D)	Between one and infinity
27.	Whe	n the regression line passes through the c	origin t	hen what?
	(A)	The intercept is zero	(B)	The regression coefficient is zero
poids	(C)	The correlation is zero	(D)	The association is zero
28.	Amo	ong the following statements, which is th	e corre	ect one, that refers to a Lactotype?
	(A)	It is a duplicate of holotype		(D) - Encourage the coevolution
	(B)	A specimen described along with holotype		23 Which of the following is not a gr
	(C)	Primary specimen cited by the author a	and up	on which the name is based
	(D)	A specimen later selected from a group a species, after its original description		ntypes to serve as the type specimen for blished.
29.	Whi	ch species concept utilizes the morpholog	gical ar	nd/or molecular characters to distinguish
	betv	veen species?		subcle she approximate the Market
	(A)	Evolutionary	(B)	Ecological
	(C)	Biological	(D)	Phylogenetic
30.	Aci	d rain is due to increase in atmospheric co	oncent	ration of :
	(A)	Ozone and dust	(B)	CO ₂ and CO
	(C)	SO ₂ and CO	(D)	SO ₂ and NO ₂

Zoology (Code : 25)

6

- 31. Which one of the following is an example of Gametic isolation?
 - (A) Post mating and prezygotic isolation (B) Premating isolation
 - (C) Post zygotic isolation (D) Ethological isolation
- 32. Micro-evolution is the term used for changes in allele frequencies that occur over time. This occurs:
 - (P) Within a population at species level
 - (Q) Within a community at genus level
 - (R) Due to appearance of new genes from infections
 - (S) Due to mutation, natural selection, gene flow and genetic drift

Which of the following combinations is appropriate?

- (A) 'P' and 'R' (B) 'Q' and 'R'
- (C) 'P' and 'S' (B) 'Q' and 'S'
- 33. The 'Biological clock' in higher vertebrates is regulated by :
 - (A) The Pituitary gland
 - (B) Cerebral Contex
 - (C) Supra-chiasmatic nucleus in hypothalamus
 - (D) Thymus
- 34. The pheromone which produces an immediate motor response, such as the initiation of a mounting sequence is known as :
 - (A) Priming pheromone (B) General pheromone
 - (C) Specific pheromone (D) Signaling pheromone
- 35. Which of the following is not a necessary condition for Hardy-weinberg Equilibrium?
 - (A) Large population size (B) Random mating
 - (C) Migration of individuals (D) No mutation

Zoology (Code: 25)

. Lange St.

- 36. Which of the following statements best characteries natural selection?
 - (A) Natural selection is the mechanism by which predetermined adaptations are passed to offsprings from parents.
 - (B) Natural selection is the different survivorship and reproduction of organisms that have favourable adaptations.
 - (C) The natural environment is not involved with the process of natural selection, the haritability of traits is what drives evolution.
 - (D) For natural selection to occur, mutations have to be embedded in the genome.

37. Which among the following is the most primitive ancestor of Homo sapiens?

- (A) Homo erectus (B) Australopithecus
- (C) Ramapithecus (D) Homo habilis
- 38. Mutation is essential for genetic variation, which one of the following events can lead to variation amongst the gametes produced by males of *Drosophila melanogaster*?
 - (A) Segregation (B) Imprinting
 - (C) Recombination (D) Independent Assortmet
- 39. Male baboons establish higher or lower ranking among themselves through confrontations, this determines their :
 - (A) Altruism (B) Dominance hierarchy
 - (C) Fixed action pattern (D) Territoriality
- 40. Which of the following statements are not true about the Neutral theory of molecular evolution as proposed by Motoo Kimura ?
 - (A) The rate of evolution for most genes will be equal to the neutral mutation rate.
 - (B) Except for advantageous mutations, most alleles are under neutral selection.
 - (C) Advantageous mutations are exceedingly rare.
 - (D) At the level of DNA sequences, genetic drift dominates the evolution.

Zoology (Code: 25)

41.	The	pebrine disease of silkworm is caused b	y: lotto	47. Which of the following plages d
	(A)	Nosema bombycis	(B)	Exorista bombycis
	(C)	Labia arachidis	(D)	Nosema cerranae
42.	Whie	ch of the following is the major compon	ent of ho	ney? a ight of a the fait was 34
	(A)	Dextrose (d)	(B)	Levulose
	(C)	water anonabone iby table (C)	(D)	Maltose (3)
43.	Whie	ch one of the following is detrimental to	Pearl ind	lustry ?
	(A)	Cliona	(B)	Chelonia
	(C)	Pinctada mina famol (8)	(D)	Euspongia
44.	Follo	owing statements are concerning to the	surface s	tructure of bacteria:
	1. 2. 3. 4.	Peptidoglycan is thinner in Gram nega Lipopolysaccharides are found in bot Pili mediate interaction of bacteria wit Bacterial flagella are non antigenic as	h Gram j h mucosa	positive and Gram negetive bacteria. al epithelium.
	Sele	ct the correct option :		(B) a - 1 - antitypsin (AAT)
	(A)	1, 2 and 3	(B)	1 and 3 (Casein Casein)
	(C)	2 and 4	(D)	1, 2, 3 and 4 ambiel (mA (C)
45.	Wha	t is a prophage? Select the correct one	of the fo	S1. Extended to the bears : gniwoll
	(A)	DNA of lysogenic phage, integrated in	nto the h	ost chromosome
	(B)	It is a stage of cell cycle		(C) montalitulo
TOV	(C)	Lambda phage DNA	t likely o	52. Which of the following is the mos
	(D)	A plasmid		between two genes T
46.		ch of the following methods is useful for bility to produce antibiotics ?	olomod	tion and detection of organisms having
	(A)	Auxanographic technique	(B)	Enrichment culture technique
	(C)	Crowded plate technique	(D)	Indicator dye technique
Zool	ogy (C	Code : 25) 9		0.7.9 Code 25

47.	Wh	ich of the following phages do	not cause lysog	ogeny?			
	(A)	Exorista banilyois . ₂ T	(8) (8)	(B) T ₁ chiefwod beredd (A)			
	(C)	Lambda	(I) (I)	(D) P ₁ sibilitation (D)			
48.	Whi	ch of the following is not used	for induced br	reeding in carps?			
	(A)	Ovaprim	(B) (B)	(B) Ovatide			
	(C)	Wova-FH Stollar	(d) (I	D) Methyltestosterone			
49.	The	process of direct uptake and a	bsorption of fra	ragments of bacterial DNA by the recipien			
		own as:	(8)	sool (A)			
	(A)	Transformation	(G) (E	B) Transduction			
•	(C)	Conjugation	Do the surface	D) Transposition			
50.	Which of the following proteins has been produced generating a transgenic sheep, that is used for replacement therapy for individuals at risk from emphysema?						
	(A)	A varient of human tissue typ	e plasminogen	n activator			
	(B)	$\alpha - 1 - antitrypsin (AAT)$		Select the correct option :			
•	(C)	Casein	(8)	· (A) 1. 2 and 3			
	(D)	Amyloid precursor protein					
1.	Cyto	skeleton that bears compressi	on as well as te	tension is know as :			
	(A)	actin filament	(B	B) intermediate filament			
	(C)	microtubule	(D	D) microfilament			
52.		ch of the following is the most een two genes ?	likely explanat	ation for a high percentage of crossing over			
	(A)	Genes are located at differen	t locations on	the same genome			
	(B)	Genes are located on non-h	omologous ch	chromosomes			
		Genes are located very clos	se to each othe	her, near the centromere on the same			
	(C)						
	(C)	chromosome					

7

10

53. Which of the following family of proteins regulates the intrinsic pathway of apoptosis?

- (A) Bcl-2 (B) Bcl-4
- (C) Caspase 2 (D) Caspase 8

54. Symporters are cotransporters that transport across cell membrane. Select the correct answer for the symporter transport across the cell membrane.

- (A) Small molecules and gasses in the same direction
- (B) Cations and anions in the opposite direction
- (C) Na+ ions and glucose against concentration gradient
- (D) Glucose against its concentration gradient
- 55. In a Robertsonian translocation, fusion occurs at the :
 - (A) telomeres (B) centromeres
 - (C) long terminal repeats (D) end of long arms
- 56. At which stage of cell division, the mammalian secondary Oocyte gets arrested prior to the entry of sperm ?
 - (A) Prophase of Mitosis (B) Prophase of Meiosis I
 - (C) G₁ Phase of mitotic cell cycle (D) Metaphase of Meiosis II

57. In a dihybrid in F2, instead of the usual mendelian ratio of 9:3:3:1 often ratio of 9:7 is obtained in some of the crosses. This is possibly due to which type of gene interactions ?

- (A) Complementary genes (B) Supplementary genes
- (C) Duplicate genes (D) Inhibitory genes
- 58. Gene mapping refers to the process of:
 - (A) identifying genes in a genome
 - (B) determining the physical location of genes on a chromosome or genome
 - (C) modifying genes to alter their function
 - (D) transferring genes between different organisms

Zoology (Code: 25)

P.T.O.

*

- 59. Human polydactyly traits having extra fingers or toes are caused by dominant alleles. In a screening it was found that out of 42 individuals having an allele for polydactyly, only 38 of them are polydactylus. Which of the following is the correct interpretation of the above observation?
 - (A) The penetrance of polydactyly is estimated to be 90%
 - (B) The expressivity of polydactyly is 90%
 - (C) This is an example of variable expressivity
 - (D) The polydactyly trait is showing complete penetrance
- 60. In which phase of cell cycle DNA becomes 2C from 4C?
 - (A) S

(B) G,

(D)

Anaphase

- (C) Metaphase
- 61. Which of the following functions as an enzyme as well as a procoagulant in blood coagulation?
 - (A) Prothrombin (B) Calcium (B)
 - (C) Thromtin (D) Fibrinogen
- 62. Which one of the following does not decrease the affinity between the oxygen and hemoglobin?
 - (A) Rise in PCo,
 - (B) Rise in Blood pH
 - (C) Rise in the level of intraerythrocytic 2,3 bisphospho-glycerate (BPG)
 - (D) Rise in body temperature
- 63. Which of the following neurotransmitters would you expect to find in the synapse during fast inhibitory synaptic transmission?
 - (A) GABA (B) Acetylcholine
 - (C) Noradrenaline (D) Glutamate

Zoology (Code: 25)

- Which of the following parts of a nephron is impermeable to water? 64.
 - Proximal convoluted tubule Distal convoluted tubule (A) **(B)**
 - (C)Asending limb of loop of Henle (D)
- 65. Which of the following statements is correct for the fresh water fishes to maintain osmoregulation?
 - (A) By taking both water and salt from the environment
 - **(B)** Continuously taking in water and eliminating excess of salt
 - By eliminating excess of water and taking up salts from the environment (C)
 - (D) By eliminating both salt and water into the environment
- 66. Secretion of which hormone from pars distails is under an inhibitory control of hypothalamus?

(A)	TSH	(B)	Prolactin
			•

- (C) FSH (D) ACTH
- 67. Which of the following enzymes mediates the final and ratelimiting step of testosterone biosynthesis in the testis? In colarvotic chromatin organization, which one of the
 - CYP 11 A1 second burned area of bus areas AVC reshull dealer to restrict of (A)
 - **CYP17A1 (B)**
 - 17β hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase (17β HSD) (C)
 - (D) 3β hydro-xysteroid dehydrogenase (3β – HSD)
- 68. Which one of the following is secondary messenger?

(A)	ATP	(B)	GTP
(C)	Inositol triphosphate	(D)	Sodium

- 69. Which hormones are produced only during pregnancy? Select the correct one :
 - (A) Estrogen and Progesteron
 - **(B)** Relaxin and Oxytocin
 - (C) Human chorionic gonadotropin and Human placental lactogen
 - (D) Luteinizing hormone and Prolactin

- Desending limb of loop of Henle

70.		ch one of the following controls the s TH)?		on of Adrenocorticotropic hormone
	(A)	Epinephrine	(B)	Testosterone
	(C)	Aldosterone	(D)	Cortisol
71.	Wha	at is the effect of 2, 4 - Dinitrophenol on m	nitocho	
	(A)	It blocks ATP synthesis without inhibiting gradient		tron transport by dissipating the proton
•	(B)	It blocks electron transport and ATP syntl the inner mitochondrial membrance		
	(C)	It blocks eletron transport and poton pu	mping	g at complex I, II and III
	(D)	It interacts directly with ATP systhase an	d inhit	bits its activity
72.	Whie	ch of the following steps is not involved in	mRN	A processing?
	(A)	5 ¹ capping	(B)	Splicing of introns
one	(C)	Polyadenylation	(D)	RNA silencing
73.		karyotic chromatin organization, which cocation at which linker DNA enters and le		
	(A)	H, (17B-HSD)	(B)	$H_{2A} - H_{2B}$
	(C)	H ₃ • . ((121) - (12) ==	(D)	H_{4}^{rest} (C) H_{4}^{rest}
74.		t is the effect of sudden increase in the l rgoing glycolysis ?	levels	of ATP and Citrate on an erythrocyte
	(A)	It stimulates glycolysis		(C) Intested triphospirate
	(B)	It inhibits glycolysis		69. Which somnoocs are produced on
	(C)	The rate of glycolysis remains unaltered	1	 (A) Estrogen and Progesteren (B) Relevin and Oxytoon
	(D)	The rate of glycolysis increases gradually	,	 (C) Human choronic gonadom (D) Lateinizing homone and Pri

14

75. Which of the following heat shock proteins prevent the misfolding of protein and maintain polypeptide chain in the unfolded state?

- (A) Hsp 60 (B) Hsp 28
- (C) Hsp 70

(D) Hsp 32

- 76. Each cycle of β oxidation produces:
 - (A) 1 FADH,, 1NAD⁺ and 1 acetyl-CoA
 - (B) 1 FADH,, 1NADH+H⁺ and 1 acetyl-CoA
 - (C) 1 FADH, 1NADH⁺ and 2 molecules of Co,
 - (D) 1 FAD, 1NADH⁺ and 2 molecules of Co,
- 77. Which of the following factors is responsible for final detachment of polypeptide chain from Ribosome during translation termination?

(A) RF_1	(13) Contact dermatures	(B) RF ₂
(

(C) RF₃ (D) RRF

78. In the 'Genetic Code' which of the following is considered to be the 'Wobble base'?

- (A) 1st base of the Codon (B) 2nd base of the Codon
- (C) 3rd base of the Codon
- (D) 2nd and 3rd base of the Codon

Mixed-type

79. The kinetic pattern of an enzyme, in the presence of increasing concentration of an inhibitor shows no change in K_m but declined V_{max} value. Identify the nature of the inhibitor used :

(D)

(A) Uncompetitive (A) (B) Non-competitive

(C) Competitive

80. Which of the following techniques is used in DNA fingerprinting?

- (A) Western blotting
- (C) Southern blotting
- (B) Eastern blotting
- (D) Northern bloting

Zoology (Code: 25)

15

		born baby?		rally acquired passive immunity for th
	(A)	IgA	(B)	IgG
		(B) Etsp 28		04.48.1 (AS)
	(C)	IgE SE get1 (C)	(D)	IgM (Copella Co)
82.	Anti	genic processing and presentation	are required.	for:
	(A)	Cell-mediated immunity	(B)	Humoral immunity
	(C)	Innate immunity	(D)	Complement system
83.		0		r cell mass of a blastocyst of mammalia
	(A)	Totipotent	(B)	Pluripotent
	(C)	Multipotent	(D)	Unipotent
84.	Whie	ch of the following exhibits delayed	type of hype	rsensitivity in human being?
	(A)	Penicillin allergy	(B)	Contact dermatities
	(C)	Arthus reaction	(D)	Myasthenia gravis
85.	The		la which are	capable of inducing the organizer are
	(A)	Primitive groove	(B)	Grey crescent
	(C)	Nieuwkoop center	(D)	Hensen's mode
36.	Whie	ch of the following type of vaccine	s authorized	by the Food and Drug administration
3:	USA	(FDA) and WHO are proven to	be effective	and safe against COVID-19?
	(A)	Live attenuated Vaccine	(B)	mRNA vaccine
•	(C)	Conjugated vaccine	(D)	Toxoid vaccine
37.	Thep	process of regeneration of limb in S	alamander is	an example of:
	(A)	Morphallaxis	(B)	Epimorphosis
	(C)	Compensatory hypertrophy	(D)	Autotomy

16

Contd,

88. The test that is usually done prior to transplantation surgery to determine the competibility of MHC proteins between the donor and the recipient is called:

- (A) MHC matching (B) MHC typing
- (C) Tissue typing (D) Blood HLA test

89. Each individual antigenic determinanat of the variable region of antibody is referred to as:

- (A) Paratope (B) Epitope
- (C) Agretope (D) Idiotope
- 90. Assisted reproductive technology, IVF involves transfer of :
 - (A) ovam into the fallopian tube.
 - (B) embryo up to 8-cell stage into the fallopian tube.
 - (C) embryo up to 8-cell stage into the uterus.
 - (D) embryo with 16 blastomeres into the fallopian tube.
- 91. The resolution power of transmission electron microscope is of the sub nanometer level. This is because:
 - (A) The focal length of the electron microscope is significantly larger
 - (B) The contrast is enhanced by staining with atoms of heavy onetal.
 - (C) The lectron beams used in electron microscope have much shorter wavelength than visible light.
 - (D) The electron microscope has a much greater ratio of image size to real size.
- 92. Which of the following forces is not used in centrifugation?
 - (A) Electrostatic force (B) Gravitational force
 - (C) Centripetal force (D) Centrifugal force
- 93. In agarose gel electrophoresis the DNA fragments migrate towards:
 - (A) Cathode
 - (B) Anode
 - (C) Does not move from the origin
 - (D) Partly move towards cathode and partly towards anode
- 94. How absorbance is related to the transmittance in Beer-Lambert's law? Select the correct option:
 - (A) Absorbance is the logarithm of transmittance.
 - (B) Absorbance is the reciprocal of transmittance.
 - (C) Absorbance is the negative logarithm of transmittance.
 - (D) Absorbance is a multiple of transmittance.

.O.T.9

95.	Wh	ich of the following is used as a carrier	oas in a	as chromatography 2
96.	(A) (C) Wh	Carbon dioxide Helium	(B) (D)	Oxygen
97.		Double - stranded DNA oligonucle Double - stranded RNA oligonucle Single - stranded RNA oligonucleo	otide otide	llowing is used to convert light into
	(A)	Photo multiplier tube	(B)	Photo emissive tube
	(C)	Photo Voltaic cell	(D)	Photo reflector
98.	Which of the following bands show only Intercalary Bands and Linear differentiation in the human Chromosome's Karyotype ?			
•	(A)	G – Bands	(B)	Q – Bands
	(C)	C – Bands	(D)	F – Bands
99.	You have been asked to choose a fixative to fix the tissues by making the methylene bridge in proteins. Which one would you choose ?			
	(A) (C)	Glacial acetic acid Picric acid	(B) (D)	Formalin Osmium tetraoxide
100.	Histochemical localization of proteins is performed by using:			
	(A)	Sudan black		(A) Caraoda
	(B)	Mercuric Bromophenol blue		(B) Anode
	(C)	Periodic acid schiffs (PAS) reagent		 (C) Decentation or efforts the or (D) Participation of the original set of the o
	(D)	an an order of firmed		 94 How absorbance is related to the option.
				(A) Absorbance is the logarith
•				(B) Abadilance is the reciproc
		an of transmittinge	in <u>en</u> ol :	······································
		ernettin		